## Driver dimbar til LED panel 700-1000mA

## 

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

-Leading and trailing edge dimmable LED constant current independent driver
$\bullet \pm 5 \%$ output current accuracy(under maximum load)
$\cdot 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Maximum case operation temperature(tc-point ${ }^{1}$ )
-Pending certification: ENEC, CE
-Reliable, Class II, SELV output according EN 61347
-Permissible AC cable $0.75-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ wire gauge, $3.5 \sim 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ PVC jacket diameter
-Grow wire tested $650^{\circ}$ for 30 S and $850^{\circ}$ for 5 S
-Operating temperature ${ }^{1}:-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the humidity: $20 \% \sim 85 \%$

- Over 50,000 hrs nominal lifespan at tc $=60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-Protection for output open load, short circuits, over voltage and over temperature
"1" Detailed data please refer to the "Specification" table .
Features \& Benefits
Flexibility \& Optimized Inventory
-Wattage selectable by 3xDIP switches.
-Push-fit secondary terminals for LED module wires
-Easy \& Quick connection with push-fit terminals and clip-on end cap for strain relief


## -Large wiring space

-Loop in and loop out function, max. 2.5 mm 2 cross section L, L, N, N stranded wire or solid wire
-Loose wiring inspection don't need to open the transparent end cap
Housing Properties
-Casing: polycarbonate, white housing but transparent end cap
-Type of protection IP20
Typical applications
-For panel light and area light in office and education application
PARAMETERS

| MODEL |  | C545-401000TB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output | DC voltage range | $\begin{aligned} & 30-40 \mathrm{~V} \text { (lout }<1000 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ & 30-40 \mathrm{~V}(\text { lout }=1000 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Rated current | 700-1000mA selectable |
|  | Maximum power | 38W |
|  | Current tolerance | $\pm 5 \%$ |
|  | Ripple voltage ${ }^{2}$ | 2.4 Vp -p |
|  | Ripple current | 450mAp-p |
|  | Line regulation | $\pm 4 \%$ |
|  | Load regulation | $\pm 8 \%$ |
|  | Flicker percentage ${ }^{3}$ | <20\% |
|  | Starting time | $<500 \mathrm{mS}$ |
|  | Turn off time | <1.0S |
|  | Noise ${ }^{4}$ | <22dB |
| Input | Voltage | Rated:220-240Vac; Range:198-264Vac; |
|  | Frequency | Rated: $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$; Range:47-63Hz; |
|  | Power factor | $\geq 0.9$; (Rated voltage input, rated max. current output conditions) |
|  | 1 -THD ${ }^{5}$ | <18\% |
|  | Efficiency ${ }^{6}$ | >87\% |
|  | AC current | 230 mA max. |
|  | Inrush current ${ }^{7}$ | 4A |
|  | Inrush current time | 60us |
|  | Leakage current | <1mA |
|  | ON/OFF switches cycle | $>100,000$ |
| Protection | Over current | Constant current limiting, recovers automatically after fault condition is removed |
|  | Over voltage | Shut down output voltage, with auto-recovery or re-power on to recovery |
|  | Over temperature | Shut down output voltage, recovers automatically after temperature goes down |
|  | Short circuit | Constant current limiting, recovers automatically after fault condition is removed |
| Safety \& EMC | Safety standards | EN61347-2-13; Design refer to TUV EN60950-1, TUV EN61347-1 |
|  | Withstand voltage | I/P-O/P:3KVac I/P-FG:1.5KVac O/P-FG : 500Vdc |
|  | Isolation resistance | I/P-O/P, I/P-FG, O/P-FG:100M Ohms/500Vdc/25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 75 \%$ RH |
|  | EMC emission ${ }^{8}$ | EN55015B, EN55022 Class B, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 |


|  | EMC immunity |  | EN61000-4-2, EN61547, EN55024, EN-61000-4-5 Surge immunity Line-Earth: 2KV, L Line- N Line:1KV ( 225 W ); Line-Earth:1KV, L Line- N Line: 0.5 KV (<25W) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Environment | Ambient temperature range ${ }^{9}$ |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max. case } \\ \text { temperature(tc) }{ }^{10} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Relative humidity range |  | 20\% ~ 85\%RH |
|  | Storage temperature range |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Connection | AC Connector |  | Looping Push-fit Terminals L, L, N, N; 0.75-2.5 mm² cross-section Looping Push-fit Terminals L, L, N, N; 0.75-2.5 $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ cross-section |
|  | DC Connector |  | On request |
|  | Output wire(type, length) |  | On request |
| Max. No. of PSUS(Driver supply unit) on miniature circuit breaker(MCB) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MCB } \\ & \text { TYPE A } \end{aligned}$ | 10A | 27pcs @ full load |
|  |  | 16A | 42pcs @ full load |
|  |  | 20A | 52pcs @ full load |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MCB } \\ \text { TYPE B } \end{gathered}$ | 10A | 28pcs @ full load |
|  |  | 16A | 45 pcs @ full load |
|  |  | 20A | 56 pcs @ full load |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MCB } \\ \text { TYPE C } \end{gathered}$ | 10A | 33 pcs @ full load |
|  |  | 16A | 52pcs @ full load |
|  |  | 20A | 65pcs @ full load |
| Others | Dimming control mode |  | Phase-cut Dimmable |
|  | Lifetime(hrs)@tc=60 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $>50,000 \mathrm{H}$ |
|  | MTBF[MIL-HDBK-217F $\left(\mathrm{ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$)] |  | 206K Hrs min |
|  | Glow wire test |  | $850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 S ; $650^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 S |
|  | Dimension L $\times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H}$ |  | $115 \times 52 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

[^0]conditions and at the rated voltage/current/power or the maximum of the rated voltage/current/power range, refer to "output power vs temperature" section.

## DIAGRAM\&INSTALLATION MANUAL

## Isolated circuit (Fly-back)



## Looping Circuit diagram

These LEDGEAR ${ }^{\circledR}$ drivers provides "through wiring functions" at primary for the $L$ and $N$ input, which allows quick looping from driver to driver and save the installation labour.


## FDV-DOKUMENT

## DIP Switch Table

LEDGEAR ${ }^{\circledR}$ Driver is a multiple-stage constant current driver, selection of output current through DIP switch is exhibited below:

| Ryy | C545-401000TB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 700 mA | - | - | - |
| 800 mA | ON | - | - |
| 900 mA | - | ON | - |
| 1000 mA | ON | ON | - |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid with a cross section of $0.75-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. Strip $8-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals. Use one wire for each terminal connector only


Secondary wires(LED module)


## Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behavior.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally $10-30 \mathrm{~cm}$ distance).
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- The wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.)



## Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

## Miniature circuit breaker application

Total continuous current of the drivers and installation environment must always be considered and taken into calculations when installing drivers behind miniature circuit breaker(MCB).

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

| Based | inrush current Ipeak | Typ. peak inrush current lpeak | $1 / 2$ value time, $\Delta t$ | Calculated energy, Ipeak ${ }^{2} \Delta t$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 120pcs | 1.5A | 125uS | $0.0029 A^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ |
|  |  |  | Example calculation of total drivers amount limited by continuous current: $n$ (Icont) $=(16 \mathrm{~A}$ (Inom, ta) / "nominal mains current with full load") $\times 0.75$ ). This calculation is an example according to recommended precautions due to multiple adjacent circuit breakers (> 9 MCBs) and installation environment $\left(\mathrm{ta}=30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; variables may vary according to the use case. Both inrush current and continuous current calculations are based on "Schneider Acti9" series circuit breakers. More specific information in "Schneider Acti9" series circuit breaker documentation. |  |

NOTE ! Type B or C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with the LED driver.

## Fixing conditions

Dry, acid-free, oil-free, fat-free. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.

## MECHANICAL



## PACKAGING

| Part Number | Dimension | Gross Weight | Net Weight | Qty/Carton |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C545-401000TB | $440 \times 345 \times 270 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 10.5 kg | 8 kg | 40 pcs |

* This is typical value. Due to the driver is potted with silicon, which the potting weight is uncertainly, so the consistency of product weight can't be guaranteed. Expected $\pm 6 \%$ weight deviation.


[^0]:    " 2 " Ripple voltage is measured at 20 MHz of bandwidth by using a 12 " twisted pair-wire terminated with a 100 nF \& 47 uF parallel capacitor.
    " 3 " The flicker for frequencies of 200 Hz or below, input voltage 230Vac, at $100 \%$ output current level and $20 \%$ output current level with dimmer attached, output current ripple is defined as [(Imax - Imin)/( Imax + Imin)] * 100\%, (CEC-400-2016-018-FS, Title 24 part 6 JA8).
    "4" The noise of LED driver is defined as test data when driver tested in noise room with $50 \sim 60 \mathrm{~dB}$ environment, and been hang in 1 ft ( 305 mm ) inside chamber.
    " 5 " Rated voltage input, rated output current, maximum output current.
    " 6 " The typical efficiency is test data of output current at input @ 230 Vac with 36 V output voltage, maximum output current.
    " 7 " The inrush current. is test data of 230 Vac input, cold start, measured at input current peak.
    " 8 " The driver is considered as a component that will be operated in combination with final equipment. Since EMC performance will be affected by the complete installation, the final equipment manufacturers must re-qualify EMC directive on the complete installation again.
    " 9 " For other than independent use, higher ta of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed tc point temperature is not exceeded.
    " 10 " The tc is defined as the highest permissible temperature which may occur on the outer surface of the power under normal operating

